

DECEMBER

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JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DECEMBER 16, 1865.

WHOLE NO. 1498.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS
Will attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

Land for Sale.

A Tract containing 80 Acres, 7 miles from Jacksonville, on the road leading to Gadsden, adjoining Sulphur Spring tract, 30 acres cleared under good fence, balance of tract well timbered; comfortable double log cabin, good Smoke-house, &c. titles good. Call on the undersigned at E. L. Woodward's old store.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent.
Jacksonville, Oct. 28, 1865.

JENKINS & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN TEAS ONLY.

Respectfully inform their old Southern friends and others, that they continue to furnish, as heretofore, a superior article of Tea, in their neat, convenient and secure style of metallic packages, containing quarter, half and one pound each. Also, in caddies and original half chests. Orders by mail promptly executed. Terms Cash.
August 25, 1865.

Land for Sale.

The undersigned has three tracts of Land of the following description, two of which he wishes to sell, the purchaser taking choice of the three.

One tract containing 120 acres, about 35 or 40 cleared, having on it good comfortable log cabins, out houses, a good well and young orchard.
Another tract containing 160 acres, about 60 cleared, having comfortable log cabins, out houses, and a good well falling spring.
Another containing 200 acres, about 115 cleared, good framed dwelling house, out houses, &c. and a good well falling spring. He will also sell the crop and stock if desired.
Any person wishing to purchase is invited to call and examine the land, which lies between Blue Mountain and Oxford.
Terms made easy.
Aug. 26, '65. J. W. MADDOX.

MUSIC LESSONS.

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing August 7th, 1865. Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Aug. 13, '65.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of S. S. Ganaway, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 10th day of October, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted will make payment.
E. A. WALKER, Admr.

NEW FALL AND WINTER

GOODS.

J. C. GRAHAM & CO.
(Corner of Broad and Selma streets.)
SELMA, Ala.

Respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally that they are receiving their FALL & WINTER GOODS, direct from Northern markets, and will in a few days have an elegant and attractive stock of goods, consisting in part of

FRENCH, ENGLISH & AMERICAN
PRINTED GOODS: POPLINS;
MERINOS; ALPACAS;
BOMBAZINES;
IRISH LINENS; TOWELLINGS;
WHITE MUSLINS; NAPKINS;
TABLE DAMASKS; BLEND DOMESTICS;
WHITE, RED and FANCY HANKS;
L. C. HOSIERY; GLOVES; HATS; BOOTS;
SHOES; UMBRELLAS;
FANCY NOTIONS in great variety, etc. etc.
Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Sep. 23.

NEW STORE

AND

New Goods.

The undersigned have just received and are now opening, at Kahn's corner, North West of the public square, a well selected and varied stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES

AND

FANCY GOODS.

Of superior quality, latest styles, and fashions, and suited to the Fall and Winter seasons.
They respectfully invite their old friends and patrons and the public generally, to call and examine their stock, and supply them selves with whatever they may need; as they are determined to conduct business upon a principle which they know will merit, and confidently believe will receive a liberal share of public patronage.
D. GOODMAN & CO.
Jacksonville, Nov. 4, 1865.

O. PELHAM

Attorney at Law,
Tallahassee, Fla.

Will give prompt attention to business entrusted to his care. In Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Tallapoosa counties. Special attention will be given to obtaining PROBATIONS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection for property within the shortest time possible. Office on the corner side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons.

Wm. MORGAN, Admr.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of John K. Hoge, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County Ala. on the 2nd day of October, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.
Wm. MORGAN, Admr.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO.,
(Late of Tallapoosa)

General Commission Merchants,
OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP
STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

Will give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited.
Oct. 28, 1865.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Parson J. Horton, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 10th day of October, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. S. M. WHITE, Admr.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order from the Probate court of Calhoun County, Ala., the undersigned administrator of the Estate of S. O. Black, deceased, will sell at the late residence of the said deceased, the lands of which he deceased seized and possessed on Monday the 18th day of December next, to-wit: Fraction "39" containing 48 acres, and Fraction "40" containing 48 acres, and Fraction "41" containing 42 acres, Fractional Township 12 Range 7, making One Hundred and ten acres of land. There is about twenty-five acres of cleared land, the place will be improved. Said land will be sold one third cash, and two thirds on a credit of twelve months. Interest from date. Purchasers required to give Note and approved security. This the 10th day of Nov. 1865.
ABEL PHILLIPS, Admr.

Away with Spectacles.

Old Eyes Made New, without SPECTACLES, HOT TOR, OR MEDICINE. Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of ten cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1130 Broadway, New York.
Nov. 25, '65.—St.

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned as Administrator of the Estate of Robert Harper, late of the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama deceased, by virtue of an Order made by the Probate court of said county, will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest bidder, within the legal hours of sale, on the premises of said dec'd on MONDAY the 18th day of December 1865, the following described Personal Property, to-wit: one Cow, one Horse, one Cotton Gin, one Threshing Machine, one set 4th gear, lot of Flour, Hoes, one live and small lot of Iron. Terms, credit 12 months, with interest from day of sale, except five dollars, and under will be cash. Note with at least two approved securities before property is delivered.
JAMES D. THOMPSON, Admr.

NOTICE.

ON Monday the 1st day of January next I will rent to the highest bidder for the year 1866 the house and lot belonging to the estate of Caroline Norman dec'd.
T. B. BOKS, Exr.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of A. N. Stewart, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of Calhoun County, on the 14th day of November, 1865; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.
L. A. WEAVER, Admr.
MARY A. STEWART, Admr.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of T. R. Rowland, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 6th day of Novr. 1865, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court for Calhoun County Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make payment.
MARY E. ROWLAND, Adx.

Those indebted to the firm of Stipes & Rowland are also requested to make settlement as soon as practicable.

Nov. 18, 1865. G. STIPES.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County and to me directed favor of A & J. W. P. Phillips, administrator of the estate of Charles Phillips, Dec. and against Samuel L. Ford, E. Crossley, and John Kirk, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder on Monday the first day of January 1866, before the Court House Door in the Town of Jacksonville, for Cash, one full set of Black Smith tools, levied on as the property of John Rich, to satisfy said fi. fa. This the 15 day of Dec. 1865 J. M. ANDERSON, Sheriff

Alabama Legislature.

The following bills, among the important bills that have been introduced in the Legislature.

To amend the Constitution of the several counties to fix the value of Confederate money in the years 1862-1863-65-66.

To punish malpractice by attorneys and employees of inferior courts.

To extend the power of the State law.

To provide more effectually for the distribution of food among the destitute families of Alabama.

In the House.—To incorporate the Alabama White Labor and Real Estate Agency Company.

To prohibit marriage, adultery and fornication between the white and black races.

To provide for the relief of the people of the State, by the enactment of a Stay Law.

To prevent the employment of freedmen while under contract.

For the benefit of estates of deceased persons.

To protect Admin's, Guardians, &c.

A resolution regarding the adoption of a freedmen's Code.

To repeal an act to increase the fees of Judges of Probate.

To render persons convicted of crime incompetent to give testimony in certain cases.

To prevent persons from purchasing or receiving stolen property.

To protect proprietors and tenants from suspicious and dangerous intruders.

To prevent idleness and vagrancy.

A bill amendatory of an act to fix the pay of witnesses in criminal cases, so as to allow the collection of cost in Justice Courts.

To allow additional fees to Constables.

To regulate the sale of vicious and spirituous liquors.

To more effectually prevent the offenses of grand larceny, arson and burglary.

To prevent the sale of firearms or ammunition of any kind to freedmen, free negroes or mulattoes in this State.

In the Senate.—A bill to prevent vagrancy.

In the House.—To authorize the registry of the names, localities and occupation of freedmen in all incorporated towns and cities.

To define and punish the crime of vagrancy.

To prohibit the retail of spirituous liquors to freedmen.

To give freedmen, free negroes and mulattoes protection to person and property.

To provide an effectual police force for the State.

From the New York Metropolitan Record

SOUTHERN HERGES IN THE NORTHERN PRESS.

There is something in the very nature of man that makes him take an interest in battles and sieges, in thrilling adventures and daring exploits. Incidents of military life have a a times a strange fascination for him, blinding as they do in about equal proportion the two essential elements of interest—familiar and danger. In times of profound peace they arouse and excite us by their startling contrast with the monotony of our every-day life, but in the continuance or at the close of a war, such as we have passed through, they have a deeper interest, they rouse stronger feelings than mere excitement, they bring into action stronger and higher faculties than the imagination, they appeal to feeling, memory, passion, and affection, to heart and mind, to soul and sense. The pictures of heroism, endurance, and self-sacrifice they bring before us, no longer as of yore names, or abstractions, they are actualities; to us men of the North, they are more real and Thermopylae nearer home. The self-sacrificing patriotism of Curtius is no marvel, we can follow it a hundred times over, and every example of classic or modern heroism but recalls some instance that has occurred within our own recollection if not under our own immediate observation.

It is no wonder, therefore, that stories of the late war should be so popular, and that every scrap of incident connected with that great struggle should be read with eager interest. But there is one feature about these incidents of the war published in Northern papers that is both striking and instructive—and that is, that the heroes are not the successful raiders and victorious generals of the Northern army, but the defeated paladins of the Confederacy. Not Grant, or Sherman, or Sheridan, or Sherman, not Lee or Jackson, or Johnson, or Beauregard, not Kilpatrick or Gilmore, or Stuart, or Hampton, or Forrest, or Mosby, or M'hone. These are the men whose achievements we glorify, whose deeds we rehearse, whose heroism we delight to honor; these are the men whose exploits are detailed in our papers, and whose names are household words in every Northern State.

Why is this? Why do we not write up our own great men? Why do we not hold them up to the admiration of the rising generation? Why seek our heroes outside of our own lives?

Because the unpurged instincts of man are ever on the weaker side. Because no amount of force can influence feeling, and no measure of success can command sympathy. Because an unequal struggle challenges our admiration and kindles that admiration into enthusiasm. Because no amount of sophistry and no power of flattery can make men think it glorious for five to beat one. And because a war of invasion is in itself and of its very nature calculated to be unpopular with a free people.

When in addition we take into consideration the high character and unswerving reputation of the leading men of the South, we have reason good for the interest they excite and the position they occupy in the minds of a large majority of the Northern masses.

There is always a halo about a people struggling for independence, which is only intensified by the fact of their contending against vast odds; and there is an innate, inherent, ineradicable sentiment in human nature which honors the sublime generosity that makes a man unhesitatingly fling his life into the scale to redress the uneven balance in which the fate of his country hangs suspended.

What wonder, then, that the Northern press seeks for its heroes among the Southern generals. They fought against vast odds, and they fought for independence, for home and country, to preserve their native soil from the tread of hostile armies, their towns from pillage, and their lands from devastation.

Who turns him from the Spartans dying at Thermopylae to admire the victor Persians as they sweep through the defile? Who feels the reverence for the innumerable hosts of Grant that they do for the "few and faint but fearless" veterans of Lee? Not one. Immense masses may arouse our admiration, but our sympathies, our wishes, our prayers are with the dauntless souls that knowing face the danger. It is in conformity with this law of our nature, and the influence of a feeling honorable though unconfessed, and potent, though unrecognized, that the Northern press fills their columns with the adventures of Southern generals and the exploits of Southern partisans.

There is a lesson underlying this that the Radicals would do well to master, and it is this: no amount of party logic, or legal lore, no trials or convictions, nor the strong arguments of exile and imprisonment, can make it a crime for a man to love his country and to take up arms in her behalf. Men's ideas of right and wrong cannot be changed at will to tally with circumstances, and Americans brought up in love of country will be slow to pronounce that it is criminal in a Southern man.

Not only are Southern men the heroes of the military incidents that pass from journal to journal and are circulated over country from North to South, out Southern generals and public men come in Northward and are received everywhere with unostentatious evidences of respect and admiration. Traitors and not so received. Traitors would not have so ventured. Would Benedict Arnold have been so received had he so ventured?

No amount of sophistry or denunciation can make the Northern masses regard the Confederates as traitors. Radical journals may stigmatize admiration of the Southern chiefs as misprision of treason, and Radical orators may thunder invectives against them like so many pinbecked Demosthenes, but 'tis all in vain; the unpurged instincts of mankind reject the doctrine and condemn the teacher.

How different is the case with our Northern generals. We do not hear of them going South unless as heads of Military Departments. We fancy they will shrink from testing their popularity in that section for many a day to come. Imagine Sherman travelling over the land he has laid waste, or Kilpatrick wandering through Georgia or South Carolina, or Sheridan visiting in the valley. Men crave remembrance as a boon, but the highest hope that Sherman, and such as he, can entertain with regard to the South is that their deeds may pass from memory. A poor reward this we must admit for toil and danger and success.

A MYSTERY OF THE WAR.

A MASKED BALL IN A BESIEGED CITY.—MORNER OF ONE OF THE LADIES.—A TEXT FOR THE ROMANCE.

From the Nashville Banner, 15th inst.]

The siege of Atlanta was at its meridian. The battles of the 18th, 22d and 28th of July were fought. Those who remained in the city had grown somewhat used to the firing. The bombardment, general indeed, illuminating the night with the brilliant explosion of rockets, the glare of signal lights and the

blaze of conflagration, and during the day with constant roar, was still humdrum. People may become used to anything even powder and balls. The weather was temperate, and except along the lines in front, the place was insupportably dull.

A party of officers—ten or a dozen in all—most of whom were high in command, sent out to an equal number of ladies—we suspect they were not so exclusive as the character of the principals ought to have required—invitations for a dance, perhaps it was *en masque*, at one of the hospitals in the Peachtree quarter of the town.

Mrs. Sarah Collins, a delicate and rather pretty, though by no means beautiful woman, was sojourning in the family of a worthy Irishman, Haggarty by name, and waiting to return to her home in West Tennessee when the city should fall. She was one of the invited guests, but declined the invitation. The good people with whom she dwelt urged her to go, alleging that there was no danger, that she required relaxation from the excitement of the siege, and promised to wait for her until she returned. A Confederate general, now in his grave, called to add his entreaties, and finally she consented and went with him. She did not get back at twelve o'clock, and the family retired without any uneasiness, leaving the front door ajar for her. About four o'clock in the morning, Mr. Haggarty was awakened by a noise in the hall. He opened the chamber door and discovered some one at the door of the room occupied by Mrs. Collins which was just opposite. "Who's there?" he asked. "Where is Mrs. Collins?" replied the strange voice. Mr. H. expostulated with the intruder for this unreasonable visit, when he was informed that there were urgent reasons for rousing the lady, and the two rapped loudly for admission. There was no reply. They rapped again still louder—and louder. It was as silent as the grave within; only a random gun or rocket resounded without.

Suddenly the stranger said: "Perhaps she's dead." Mr. H. was startled, and the two proceeded hastily to the window. It was open. They looked into the room and discovered in the uncertain light, a body lying on the floor. It was that of the unfortunate lady—dead as death. No marks of violence were found upon her. The stranger said excitedly: "I'll go for a surgeon." He went away and never returned. Mr. Haggarty was unable to identify either the voice or the figure.

An inquest was held the next day & an investigation begun before the Mayor's court; but evening advanced, the bombardment became heavier, several officers of distinction appeared to be involved, and before quiet was restored, the city was evacuated and with it the tragedy, such as it was, passed into whisper and were gossip.

Many of the parties to that *bal masque* have since paid the last debt of nature. One—a very beautiful young girl—was frightfully crushed upon a railway near Griffin. Another died at Macon.—Two were killed at Franklin. The victim, Mrs. Collins, was a person of good family connections, of considerable property, and of private worth as a hospital ward and nurse.

The National Intelligencer commenting on Speaker Colfax's late speech says:

"The time has come to throw away disguise. Let gentlemen range themselves fairly and squarely under their banners. The President has a policy that looks to immediate restoration; this policy concedes all the rights of the States, reserving only the necessary and well understood demands that loyalty exacts of the situation. This policy recognizes—

1. That the States are in fact.

2. That duly returned members of Congress shall be enrolled by the Clerk of the House as such.

3. That no test oath shall be suffered to debar constitutionally qualified members from taking their seats in Congress. And this policy ignores the vitality of such issues as negro suffrage. It does not insist on any compulsive form of adjustment in respect to the labor and wages of the negro freedmen which involves all the oppressions and extravagancies of military establishments, to be indefinitely continued. But it leaves Southern labor to the law of supply and demand—to the reciprocal necessities of labor and capital. The negro is a freedman, and his destiny is that of all other men—to get along under the law and the protection of the law as best he can.

ry, the chair we sit in, the

look through, the nail that the match that we light—even stones of the street and the bricks of the sidewalk are indirectly taxed. Every thing, in short, is taxed except the air we breathe.

HORRIBLE CRIME—Two Children Murdered.—We learn from the Monroe (La.) Intelligencer that two children of John G. Higgins, living four miles north of Vidalia, Arkansas, were brutally murdered on the morning of the 7th while on their way to school, about a mile distant from their dwelling. The mother of the children was a girl of twelve, and the other a boy of eight.

It was evident that the murderer had attempted an infamous assault upon the girl, and had used a knife to enforce her compliance with his design. Her hands and body were severely cut, and even after death the body was horribly mutilated, the stomach having been cut open and the bowels protruding. The dead bodies of both children were found near the road.

The Intelligencer learned the above facts from the father of the murdered children. It says that evidence of a convincing character point to a negro man named Kit as the perpetrator of the deed. A large reward has been offered for his arrest, and parties are now in pursuit.

Since the twin tragedy enacted in Roxbury, near Boston, last summer, nothing so horrible as the above has startled the public.—*New Orleans Times*, 25th inst.

U. S. GARRISON LEFT.

—The U. S. soldiers which have been garrisoning this post for several months, left here this morning for Opelika. We learn that before leaving they turned over to the Mayor of our city about seventy Mississippi and Enfield Rifles, and a few Sabres, Pistols, &c. We presume the garrison has left for good, and unless some serious disturbance of the public peace which the Militia cannot suppress, we may not expect to see a U. S. soldier again on duty here for a long time—perhaps never.—*Enquirer News*.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

—A Dispatch dated Nashville, Nov. 16, says:

The Senate to day passed Senator Trimble's blood thirsty resolution, demanding the blood of Davis and other prominent Southern leaders by a vote of 15 to 3.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Reception of the President's Message—Sumner Sneers at it and Thad. Stevens Regards it a Second Lecture—Mr. Johnson on the Rights of States—Other Subjects Treated Upon—Congressional Proceedings Yesterday.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

WASHINGTON, December 5.

The President's Message has been received with many expressions of gratification by the Democratic and conservative Republican members of Congress.

In the Senate, it was sneered at by Chas. Sumner, and in the House pronounced by Thad. Stevens as not equal in ability to a second rate lecture. By the unprepared masses it is regarded as a dignified, able, statesmanlike document, enunciating great principles, and without descending to details, laying down the fundamental law in reference to all the great political topics of the hour.

As was long ago predicted by this correspondent, Mr. Johnson declares unequivocally that none of the States have ever been out of the Union, and that each State has a right to regulate for itself the qualifications for suffrage; that the independence of the States is as essential as the sovereignty of the Federal Government, to the maintenance of a republican government, and that Congress has the right to judge of the election, returns and qualifications of members. This language is considered as peculiarly significant, when contrasted with Thad. Stevens' caucus resolutions, which assume that Congress has the right to inquire into the existence of the States. The tenor of the message, that the restoration to a loyal status to the States heretofore decided to be in insurrection, is the proper prerogative of the Executive, and that Congress has no right to look beyond the election returns and qualifications of its own members.

With regard to our British complications, the language of the President is regarded as at least strong, if not menacing; but in reference to Mexican affairs it is constructed into "Let us wait a while." Upon the whole, the message is regarded generally as making open issue with the radicals of the summer-Stevens stripe, and has given great encouragement to the genuine Johnson men.

At a meeting of the Democratic Central Committee this evening, the message was very strongly approved.

As was predicted last night, Thad. Stevens' caucus resolution was laid over in the Senate today. It will not pass that body very speedily, nor at all, without essential modifications, even after the unanimity with which the Republican majority in the House seemed to follow the radical lead.

The proceedings to-day are regarded as a conservative triumph, and Republican Senators have expressed the opinion, that before the end of the present session of Congress, there will be found remaining only two radicals in Congress, Sumner in the Senate and Thaddeus Stevens in the House.

The Herald's Washington dispatch says commissioner Cooley, of the Indian Bureau, received this morning a communication from the Supt. of the Indian Agency in Kansas, giving decisive information of the status, the tribes in that section.

The report that was previously obtained in regard to the burning of a stage coach by the Cheyennes and Apaches on the Smoky Hill route, on the 19th of November last, is fully substantiated, together with the massacre of Frederick Mervin, of New York, with five others then traveling upon the coach. It is also reported that after committing this outrage and murder, the whole force attacked successively five mail stations along the route, which they destroyed, and taking possession of the live stock along the line of their depredations, departed in a south-easterly direction. The official details of the above have also been placed before Governor Cummings.

Mobile papers anticipate very busy times and high wages for laborers and mechanics this season. General Bragg was in Mobile a short time since on his way to his plantation in Louisa County, Mississippi, where he intends raising cotton by free labor.

CANDIDATES.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce Hon. M. J. Turney, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

For Judge of Probate.

We are authorized to announce Hon. A. Woods, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election first Monday in May, 1886.

We are authorized to announce Wm. H. Burton, Esq., as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce J. C. McAuley, Esq., as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

The Last Day.

We dislike to dun or be dunned, and have therefore adopted a plan which will obviate the necessity of it in future.

Hereafter no name will be entered on our subscription list unless paid in advance; and two dollars for the year will not be taken for those already on our list, who are now in arrears, after the first day of January next.

We know that money is scarce; but there are other things we need besides money, which we must get for debts, pay money for, or do without, and have therefore from the start proposed to take them in payment at the market price. We will here mention corn, wheat, flour, pork, lard, tallow, beeswax, chickens, butter, eggs, potatoes, &c. Those who do not pay in these articles or money, cannot expect us to take the money received from paying subscribers and other sources, to furnish them; and in future we will not do it, whether we print few papers or many. Justice, both to ourselves and patrons, require that we should expend our labor and money to enlarge and improve our paper for those only who pay.

Henceforth, kind patrons, you shall be no more troubled with duns—but if you fail to pay, your papers, like "Click's cow," will come up missing.

The Young Ladies & Gentlemen of our town are making preparations for a public entertainment next Friday night. Judging from the splendid list of tableaux, pantomimes, charades, & music, selected, for the occasion, we promise all who will attend the full worth of fifty cents, the price of admission.

The proceeds are to be appropriated for the purpose of repairing the Female Academy.

The object is a laudable one. Let all turn out who wish to enjoy some innocent amusement, and at the same time do some worthy work.

Corcoran's Stencil seems, still, goes "bravely on" in Mississippi. The Memphis Bulletin says many thousands of bales have been stolen; but this time it is the government cotton, the citizens having previously lost nearly all they had—that the work is still going on all along the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. "By a regularly organized band of citizen thieves, acting in connection with army officers and soldiers."

Cannot some "enterprising" company be got up to steal it from those who stole it from the government?

We invite attention to the card of E. Goodey, Artist, in another column. Mr. G. has considerable experience in his art, and some beautiful specimens of his skill, which may be seen at the front door of his room.

Give him a call and patronize home industry and art.

A Farmer in Indiana recently died leaving to the U. S. in his will a \$1000 6-40 bond, to help pay the national debt. The Cincinnati Enquirer says, "It would no doubt be highly gratified, could the information reach him, to learn that his gift would pay the interest on that part of the public debt, just two minutes."

See advertisement of E. L. Woodward who has just received and is offering for sale, a lot of superior Groceries. We understand he will also have in a short time, a fine stock of Dry Goods.

S. D. & J. F. McCallen have just received and are offering for sale a large stock of Groceries. See advertisement in another column.

Branded Horses.

We publish in this paper the order from the War Department, relative to the seizure of branded horses, to which we call the special attention of all concerned.

From this order it will be seen that no such seizure is allowed except under special written orders from Maj. Gen. Swaine of Montgomery—that such written orders will be given only on strong presumption of fraud, and that even then the right of trial will be afforded; and that where they have been heretofore seized and sold the proceeds will be transferred to the owners.

Nearly if not quite all the branded horses in this State, are such as have been broken down and abandoned by officers and soldiers, and better stock taken in their stead; and now to take them from the equitable owners, after they have recruited them up, and made them fit for service, would be a peculiar hardship and manifest injustice. It is hoped after the publication of this order, the owners of such horses will no more be troubled with seizures or threats of seizures.

LARGE TURNIP.—We were presented the other day by Mr. Isaac Frank, with a turnip measuring 23 inches in circumference, and weighing about nine lbs. The turnip was taken from a lot of large ones, raised by Mr. Brown of this county. We hope his art of raising large turnips may be generally learned and practiced in this section.

The following order is published for the information of all concerned.

No seizures under this order will be made except on written orders from this office, specifying the property to be taken. Such orders will be issued only on strong presumption of fraud, and right of trial will be afforded.

WAR DEPARTMENT.
Washington, D. C., Nov. 11, 1885.

It having been reported to this Department that a large number of animals, marked as the property of the United States, are, by evasion, being sold or otherwise disposed of, it is ordered that the Assistant Commissioner of Religion, Education and Agriculture, be and he is authorized to cause the seizure of such animals, and the proceeds of such sale to be transferred under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1879, to the proper authorities.

Animals which have been seized as above, and the proceeds of such sale as have been transferred, will also be transferred under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1879, to the proper authorities.

Signed, EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

By order of the Assistant Commissioner of Religion, Education and Agriculture,
J. C. McCallen, Jr., Acting.

They have some more.
What have they?
That fine stock of Choice

GROCERIES.
We have been looking for a long time.

Where are they?
At Robert's Cheap Emporium, west side of the Square.

Who has got them?
Our clever, jovial friends,
S. D. & J. F. McCallen.

Are they cheap?
Yes, as cheap as you can make.

What have they got?
Oh more than you can tell—
Sugar, Coffee, Tea,

Cheese, Butter, & Crackers,
Raisins, Figs & Candies,
Sardines, Canned Apples,

Tabacco, Cigars & Cakes,
A fine article of COTTON CORD,
Call and examine, and judge yourself.

With whatever you wish.
Jacksonville, Dec. 15, 1885.

SALE,
SUNDAY,
DECEMBER 16, 1885.

FOR SALE BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on Monday the 8th day of JANUARY, 1886, at the residence of D. P. Posey, deceased, at public outcry, all the PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to deceased, consisting of

Mules, one filly, 3 years old;
A lot of Cattle and Hogs;
Wheat, Corn and other Farm
Cotton, and Blacksmith Tools;
A lot of Farming Implements;

A few articles of Household Furniture, and many other similar articles.

Purchasers will be required to make note with approved security, and to make payment in full, with interest from date, for all sums over five dollars—sums of five dollars and under Cash.

Also—One Gray Mule and Cow and Calf will be sold for cash.

NANCY W. POSEY,
Administratrix of Estate
of D. P. Posey, deceased.

Administrators' Sale.

THE undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of James Caldwell, late of Calhoun county, Ala. do hereby give notice of an order made by the Honorable the Probate Court of said county, will offer for sale at public vendue the highest bidder, within the legal limits of such sale, at the Court House door in the Town of Jacksonville, in said County.

ON THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, 1886.

The following described personal property, to-wit:

One MARE, and
One BULL.

Purchasers thereof will be required to give notes due twelve months after date, with two approved securities—interest from date.

GUO. L. TURNER,
Administratrix.

December 16, 1885.

Administrators' Land Sale.

THE undersigned, Administrators of the Estate of John Jones, late of Calhoun county, deceased, by virtue of an order made by the Honorable the Probate Court of the county of Calhoun, Ala., will offer for sale, upon the premises, in the county of St. Clair, Ala.,

ON THE 20th DAY OF JANUARY, 1886.

The following described Lands, to-wit:

The E half of N W qr. sec. 31, T 12 R 6; supposed 80 15-100 acres.

The W half of N W qr. sec. 31, T 12 R 6; supposed 80 15-100 acres.

The S W qr. of S W qr. sec. 29, T 12 R 6; supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The N W qr. of S W qr. sec. 29, T 12 R 6; supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The S E qr. of S W qr. sec. 31, T 12 R 6; supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The N W qr. of N W qr. sec. 21, T 12 R 6; supposed 40 15-100 acres, all east in the Coosa Land District.

Purchasers will be required to pay in cash one third of the amount of purchase money, and give note, bearing interest from day of sale, for balance, with at least two approved securities—credit twelve months.

WM. MORGAN,
Administratrix.

AMBROTYPES.

E. GOODE, Artist.

AM prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done anywhere in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Ambrotypes for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready.

He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties.

Jacksonville, December 15, 1885.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES.

R. B. KYLE, Broker Jacksonville, Ala., will pay for Bank Bills the following prices.

ALABAMA BANKS.

Bank of Montgomery, 90cts
" Mobile, 65
Northern " 40
Eastern " 45
Central, " 30
Commercial " 25
Bank Selma, 20

SOUTH CAROLINA BANKS.

Union Bank, 55
Peoples " 40
S. W. R. & Bank, Co., 20
Bank of Camden, 20
Bank of Charleston, 20
Bank of Columbia, 15
Bank of the State, Co., 15
Planters Bank Fairfield, 15
Commercial Bank, Col., 15
Exchange Bank, Col., 15

GEORGIA BANKS.

Central R. R. & Pk Co., 85.
Georgia " " 85
Bank of Middle Ga., 55
Marine Bank, 55
Bank of Savannah, 35
" Empire State, 20
" Athens, 20
" Fulton, 15
Bank of Columbus, 15
Augusta, 15
City Bank of Augusta, 15
State of Geo., 15
Other Georgia Banks, 10
Office at Dr. Clark's old stand.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of one Attachment in my hands in favor of George F. Turney, Administrator on the Estate of Joshua Cobb, deceased, and against Geo. W. Clark and The Atlanta & Gulf Coast Ry. Co., to the highest bidder for cash, at the residence of Dr. Smart, near corner of TUESDAY THE 19th INSTANT, TWO HUNDRED BUSHELS COTTONSEED, located on the property of George W. Clark, to satisfy said attachment.

This the 6th day of Dec. 1885.
J. M. ANDERSON, Sheriff.
By J. A. GOBLE, Deputy Sheriff.

Jacksonville Male Academy.

The exercises in the above named Academy will commence on the first Monday in January, 1886, and will continue for the space of 3 months. The course of instruction will be the same as the rates of tuition will correspond with similar institutions of the country. For further particulars apply to E. L. Woodward, Trustee, or to the undersigned.

Dec. 9, '85. H. L. STEVENSON.

House & Lot to Rent, for 1886.

I will rent on Monday the 1st day of January, 1886, before the Court House door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. the House and Lot belonging to the Estate of A. A. Brooks, deceased, for the year 1886. Said Lot is on the corner of the intersection with good well water. Note and approved security will be required—this 9th Dec. 1885.

G. B. DOUTHETT, Admr.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Court of Probate for said County, Dec. 5th, 1885.

THIS day came H. S. Evans, Administrator of the Estate of Jacob T. Stephenson deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for final settlement.

It is ordered by the Court, this Monday the 5th day of December, 1885, be set for making and filing of the account, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear at a Special Term of said court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on 1st Monday the 1st day of January, 1886, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate

Dec. 9, 1885.—31.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of William M. Robinson dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned on the 24th day of November, 1885, by the Hon. the Probate Court of St. Clair county Alabama. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

TERRY G. TARRANT,
Admr.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Coleman W. Crow, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the 24th day of November, 1885, by the Honorable the Probate Court of St. Clair county, State of Alabama. Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SAUEL J. CROW,
Admr.

Executors' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Easley, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 2nd day of December, 1885; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Dec. 9, '85. R. G. RAGAN, Ex'r.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of D. P. Posey, deceased, on the 4th day of December, 1885; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

NANCY W. POSEY,
Admr.

Dec. 9, 1885.

Note Lost.

DURING the month of May, 1885, when Croxton's raid passed through this section, I had a note destroyed with other papers of the following description:

The note signed by T. G. Mattison, and payable to J. C. Elston and Wm. Johnston, Esq.'s of Estate of John Elston, dec'd, given in 1853 or 1854. In case it has not been destroyed, all persons are forewarned not to trade for it.

J. C. ELSTON, Ex'r.
Dec. 9th, 1885.—4 w's.

FOR SALE.
A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE,
holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1885.

Valuable Property
For Sale or Rent.

A GRIST & FLOURING MILL, two miles south of Jacksonville, Ala. This Mill are three pair of stones No. 1 French Burr; the mill house is of brick; cast iron wheels; rock dam permanent. Connected with same dam is a good SAW MILL. Will be sold with or separate 200 Acres of good pine timbered land which will furnish a large quantity of lumber. These Mills are eligibly located; can be purchased on a credit of five years annual installments; if not sold will be leased for 12th months.

I have also for rent an Elegant Residence, 2 miles from Jacksonville; the house contains 8 good rooms fire-place in each room, good out-houses; a good well of water in the yard and good spring convenient, good garden with several lots; 30 or 40 acres of good timber land, if desired; persons renting having privilege of obtaining fire wood and timber of all kinds for necessary repairs.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent
For Purchase and Rent of Lands & Houses.

COTTON SEED
FOR SALE.

We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN.
Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2, 1885.—1f.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER,
PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS

AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship and Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1885.—Gm.

TEAS & FRANCHEN,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
SIGN OF
THE GOLDEN PADLOCK.

Rome, Ga.

KEEP constantly on hand, Iron, Stoves, Kettles, Pumps, Castings, Blacksmiths and Carpenters Tools &c.

Rome, Ga. Nov. 26, 1885.—2m.

B. LASK,
BROAD ST., ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DEALER IN

Dry Goods,

Quercus Ware, Groceries,
Tin and Glass Ware,
Nails and Glass,
Boots, Shoes and Hats,

READY MADE
CLOTHING,

Gentlemen's Furnishing
Goods,
Perfumery, &c., &c.

Extra inducements are offered to Merchants in the country, buying small stocks of Goods.

GEO. R. WARD, late of the firm of G. R. Ward & Co. is in this House, and will be glad to see all his old friends and acquaintances. Rome, Ga. Nov. 26, 1885.—3m.

Wholesale Drug House.
IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones' Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps.

Perfumery and Patent Medicines, ever introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine a stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence, cannot be excelled by any house in the country.

This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South.

Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

F. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar,
34 Market street, corner of Perry.

REMOVAL.

Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent.

Nov. 25, '85.—1f

Special Notice.

MY Books and papers have been deposited with Mr. H. A. EARNES, of Jacksonville, who is my authorized Agent for settlement.

Persons indebted to me by note or account, would do well to call upon him and make payment as soon as practicable.

Nov. 4, 1885. C. J. CLARK.

W. C. LAND,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

CONTINUES THE
Watch & Jewelry Business,
At the old stand: Sep. 30, 65.

Additional Stock.

D. Goodman & Co. have the pleasure of announcing to their patrons and the public generally, that they have just received a very large addition to their stock, of Dry Goods, Ladies Dress Goods, Trimmings, &c.—

BOOTS & SHOES.
Just received and for sale at low prices, a very large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes. Call and examine.

D. GOODMAN & CO.
North West corner of the Public Square.

CROCKERY.
D Goodman & Co. have just received a very extensive and varied stock of Crockery & Glass Ware, in the sale of which great inducements will be offered to purchasers.

LIVERPOOL SALT.
Of the best quality for saving meat and family use constantly on hand and for sale very low by

D. GOODMAN & CO.

Desirable Lands for Sale.

Farm of 800 acres in Calhoun county Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria, and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 100 acres is detached a mile from the main body. Improvements a large framed dwelling with 8 good sized lots well finished; a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

For Purchase and Rent of Lands & Houses.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—350 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place—80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm is in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located.

It is 11 miles of cedar fencing taken all the cedar bottom. Lime stone is very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent
For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

NOTICE.